

Real Estate Investment Structures*

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1. Overview-"History & Trend of Foreign Investment"

■ History & Trend

- 1997: Fully open to foreign investment
- 2001: Mainly commercial buildings in downtown & Yoido area
- 2004: Expanded to other areas such as Gangnam area; other type of real estate such as retail, industrial, housing, warehouse/logistics facilities, golf courses, etc.
- From 2005 - : Development projects
 - Seoul Area for Multi-Purpose Building (Residential + Retail)
 - FEZ (Inchon: Songdo, Chongra & Youngjong; Busan)

2. Investment Structures

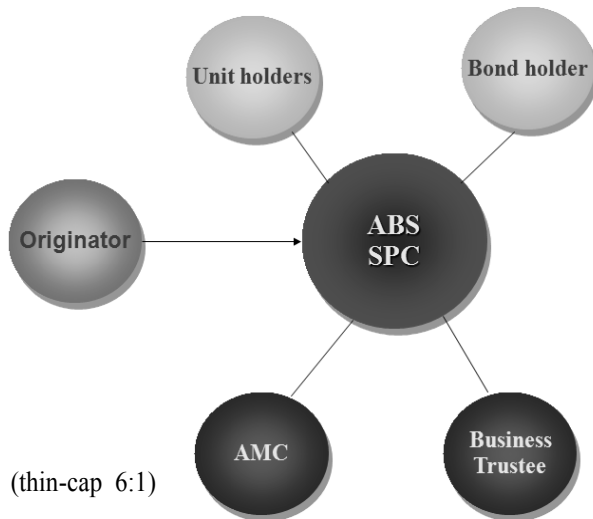
■ ABS

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** KIM & CHANG, Lawyer

- REITs
 - K-REIT
 - CR-REIT
 - Paper REIT & Paper REIT for Development
- Real Estate Fund
 - Trust Type
 - Corporate Type
- Direct Investment
- Project Finance Investment Company

3. ABS



- Merits
 - Tax benefits
 - Debt-financing (thin-cap 6:1)
 - Small paid-in capital requirement
- Demerits
 - Strict "Originator" qualifications
 - Limited business scope (development projects prohibited)

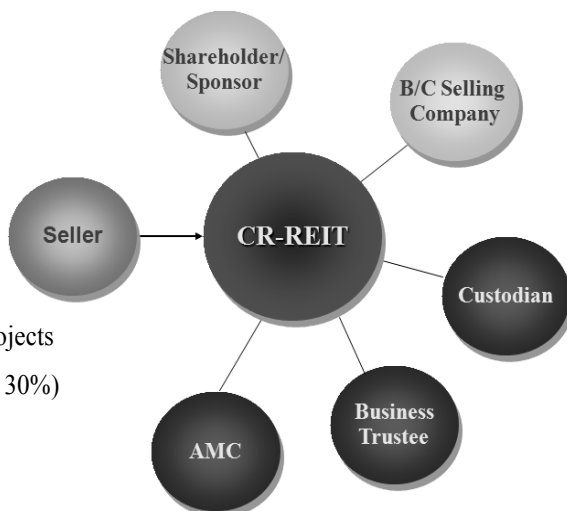
4. CR-REIT

■ Merits

- Tax benefits
- Investments in development projects possible (up to 30%)

■ Demerits

- Asset qualifications (only corporate restructuring assets)
- Limited duration (usually 5 years)



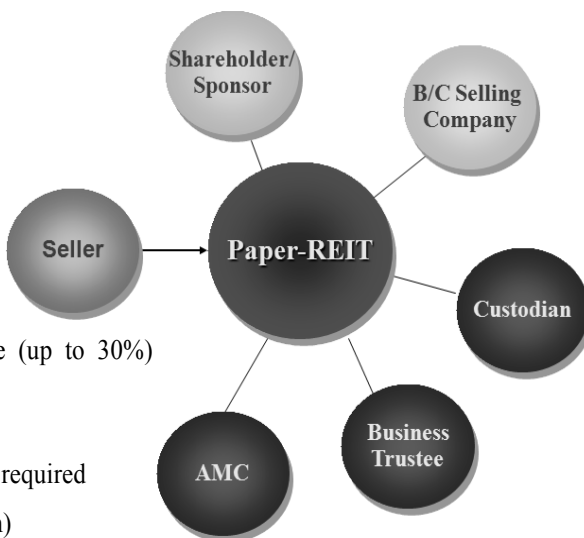
5. Paper-REIT

■ Merits

- Tax benefits
- Investments in development projects possible (up to 30%)

■ Demerits

- Public offering required (NPC Exception)
- Limit of shareholding ratio (NPC Exception)



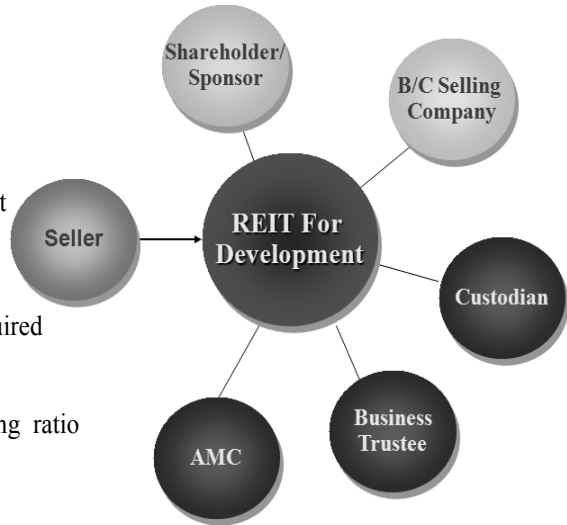
6. REIT for Development

■ Merits

- Tax benefits
- Up to 100% for Development project

■ Demerits

- Public offering required (NPC Exception)
- Limit of shareholding ratio (NPC exception)



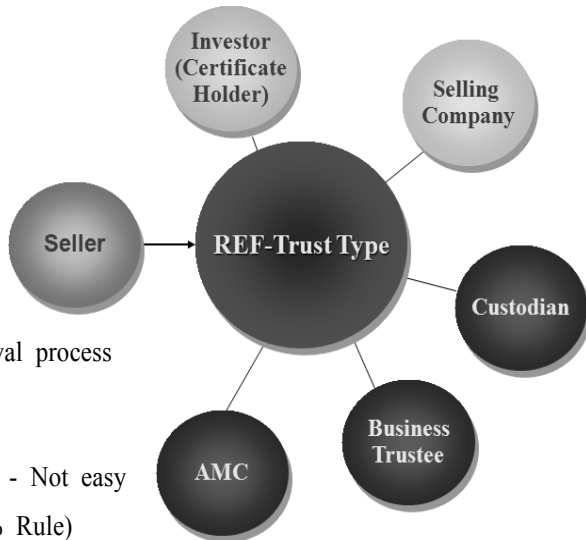
7. Real Estate Fund-Trust Type

■ Merits

- Tax benefits
- Investments in development projects possible (up to 30%)
- Simplified approval process

■ Demerits

- Investor's control - Not easy
- OEM Fund (80% Rule)



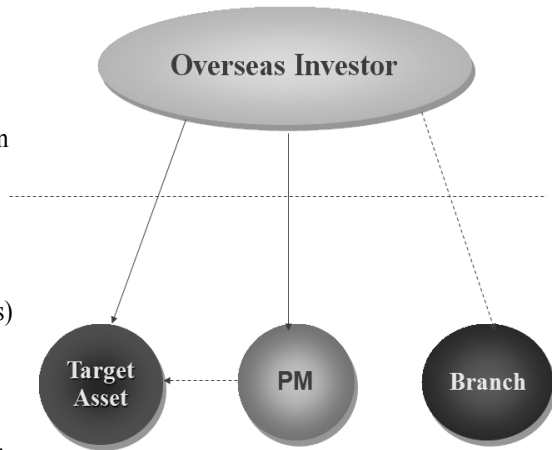
8. Direct Investment

■ Merits

- Avoid triple registration taxation

■ Demerits

- No tax benefits (as other structures)
- Potential liability to parent
- Remittance restriction



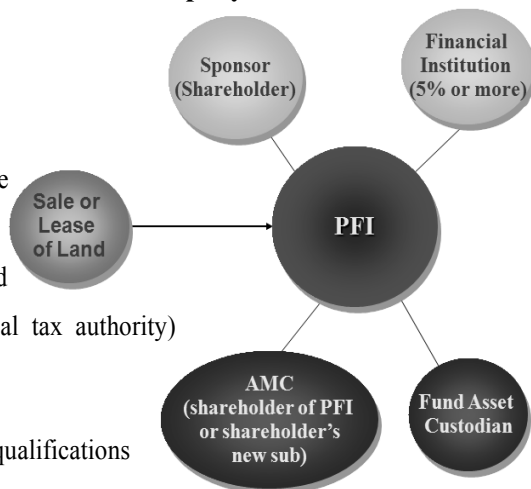
9. Project Finance Investment Company

■ Merits

- Tax benefits
- Development Purpose
- Investor Control
- No approval required (only filing with local tax authority)

■ Demerits

- Uncertainty in PFI qualifications
- Limited duration



10. Substantial Tax Benefits

	<i>No Vehicle Scenario</i>	<i>Investment Vehicle Structuring Scenario</i>
<i>Real Estate Acquisition Stage</i>	• Registration Tax (2.4% or 7.2[†]%) • Acquisition Tax (2.2% or 6.6[†]%; if no development of property, then 2.2%)	• 50% reduction in Registration Tax[‡] • 50% reduction in Acquisition Tax
<i>Real Estate Operations Stage</i>	• Income from operations at entity level taxed at 27.5% • Dividend income at investor level taxed at 27.5% (but may be reduced by tax treaty)	• Income deduction available to entity level if 90% or more of distributable income is distributed (no tax for REF-Trust Type) • Same as left
<i>Real Estate (or Shares) Disposition Stage</i>	• Capital gains from sale of real estate at entity level taxed at 27.5% • Capital gains from the sale of shares at investor level taxed at 27.5% (but may be exempt by tax treaty)	• Income deduction available to entity level if 90% or more of distributable income is distributed (no tax for REF-Trust Type) • Same as left

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Key Words : Asset-Backed Securitization Act, ABS Act, Real Estate Investment Company Act, REITs Act, Indirect Investment Asset Management Business Act, IIMBA,

[†] Acquisition in Seoul Metropolitan Area.

[‡] No heavy registration tax of 7.2%.